

DHI CODE OF CONDUCT AND BUSINESS ETHICS (Revised as of 08 May 2024)

Dominion Holdings, Inc. (DHI) believes that practicing right conduct and ethical behavior inspires and strengthens the confidence of all our Stakeholders. Being a subsidiary of BDO Unibank, DHI adopts/subscribes the BDO Unibank Code of Conduct and Business Ethics (the Code) as indicated below as the ethical standards of the Company's officers and employees in all their activities.

INTRODUCTION

The DHI Code of Conduct and Business Ethics (the Code) outlines the principles and policies that govern the activities of the institution and sets forth the rules of conduct in our work place and the standards of behavior of its directors, officers and employees in their activities and relationship with external stakeholders. These reflect the core values the institution subscribes to and promotes.

APPLICABILITY OF THE CODE

This Code applies at all times to all members of the Board of Directors and DHI (the Company and its subsidiaries and affiliates) employees in their dealings with clients, suppliers, business partners and service providers.

COMMITMENT TO THE CODE

All directors and employees are required to acknowledge that they have read and understood the Code stipulating their compliance with the standards and policies set forth herein.

RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE WORK PLACE

a. Employment Practices

DHI is committed to fair employment practices without undue prejudice to race, gender, ethnic origin, religion, age, or sexual orientation. Employees are treated fairly and accorded with respect and dignity.

It ensures that employment practices and policies are in compliance with labor laws, regulations and standards in the countries where it operates. Employees are selected, engaged, compensated and promoted, as the case may be, based on the merits of qualification and performance.

b. Employees' Welfare

DHI is committed to promote the physical, social and mental well-being of its employees. It aims to provide a workplace free from discrimination and all forms of physical, sexual and psychological abuse including harassment, bullying and intimidation. It is committed to maintain a positive, harmonious and professional work environment with due importance accorded to occupational health and safety of the employees and related external parties.

CONDUCT RELATING TO CUSTOMERS AND EXTERNAL CONSTITUENCIES

Customers, suppliers, service providers, business competitors or other external parties with business dealings with DHI must be treated fairly and professionally.

The institution strictly prohibits the solicitation and acceptance, directly or indirectly, of any gift (including entertainment services or activities), gratuity, commission or any form of payment from clients, business partners, suppliers and third party service providers in connection to a service that may, in any way, influence the Director's, Officer's or employee's decision-making in exchange for any unnecessary favorable treatment.

Likewise, the institution commits to comply with anti-corruption and bribery laws in all jurisdictions it operates.

DHI will not make political donations that may be interpreted as an attempt to encourage favorable treatment of DHI and/or its directors and employees.

Participation in publications, speaking engagements, media interviews and advertisements need appropriate internal clearance.

Due respect to privacy and confidentiality of dealings with customers shall be strictly observed.

Certain transactions or information shall not be made available to groups or individuals within DHI where there may exist potential conflict of interest, more particularly between credit and investment operations.

All complaints from customers shall be handled with expediency in accordance with internal rules and regulatory requirements on consumer protection.

CONDUCT RELATING TO INVESTMENT AND OUTSIDE ACTIVITIES

Trading in the securities of DHI and/or any member of the BDO Group, whether listed or not while in possession of material non-public, price sensitive information is not permitted and is considered illegal. All directors and employees of the Company must adhere to the Personal Trading Policy in their trading activities to prevent violations of security laws and regulations and to preserve the good reputation of DHI in the market place.

Real and potential conflict of interest shall be avoided when investing in outside business activities or accepting directorships in other institutions.

Queries or complaints from stockholders shall be immediately referred to the designated office or officials and resolved speedily in accordance with their rights.

OBSERVANCE OF STANDARDS OF CONDUCT FOR INDIVIDUALS

Employees have the primary duty to comply with the following basic standards of conduct in addition to office policies and work regulations.

1. Attendance

Attendance and punctuality are expected from all concerned in order to make effective use of time and as a professional courtesy to others.

2. Integrity

Integrity, honesty and professional behavior are expected to be observed in all dealings with customers, regulators, co-employees, and the public in general. Engaging in fraud (directly or indirectly), or connivance and facilitation in committing fraud are totally prohibited.

3. Office Decorum

Decorum must be observed to promote harmony and respect within the organization and in dealing with external constituencies. Compliance to the prescribed uniform wear or corporate attire, as applicable, shall be followed for clear identification and to promote DHI's image and values.

4. Responsible Behavior

Responsible behavior and courtesy both within the organization and in public must be observed at all times. The way we deal with customers and our demeanor in public significantly contribute to the public perception of DHI as a reputable and professional institution.

5. Disclosure of Information

Building and maintaining trust is a basic part of our relationship with customers and shareholders. Unauthorized disclosure, use and passing on of sensitive/confidential information are strictly prohibited. This applies to verbal, inferred or written disclosures.

All sensitive/confidential information obtained in the course of employment, directorship, engagement of services or other work or business-related relationship with DHI must not be divulged unless authorized in accordance with internal and regulatory requirements and must not be used for any personal or financial gain. Compliance with the applicable Information Security Risk policies of DHI and Data Privacy & Protection Laws is enjoined.

The Law on Secrecy of Bank Deposits under R.A. 1405, as amended, which generally prohibits the disclosure of any information pertaining to deposits of whatever nature with company's and banking institutions in the Philippines, including investments in bonds issued by the Philippine government, the confidentiality provisions under the General Banking Law of 2000, and other related laws, rules and regulations, must be strictly observed.

Customer relationships with DHI should be handled in strict confidence and propriety. This likewise applies to company manuals, reports and memoranda. All business deals and transactions shall adhere to regulatory requirements and all applicable laws in the countries, cities, and in the communities in which DHI, its branches, subsidiaries and representative offices operate.

6. Acceptance/Solicitation of Gifts, Bribery and Corruption

Employees, suppliers, partners and other 3rd parties must avoid giving or receiving gifts or entertainment if these might improperly influence the recipient's decision making or might be perceived to do so. They must not also offer or take any form of illegal or improper payment.

7. Conflict of Interest

Directors and employees should act in a manner that will serve the best interest of DHI and its shareholders. This requires that all business decisions and actions must be aligned to the principles and values of DHI, and should not be driven by personal motivations or influenced by personal relationships which may interfere in the exercise of objective and independent judgment.

Any financial and personal interest or benefit in any transaction involving DHI must be disclosed. When presented with a situation involving a potential conflict of interest, it is necessary to disclose the possible conflict in writing to the Supervising Officer, in case of officer or employee, or to the Board of Directors, in case of Director.

Disclosures against possible or perceived conflict of interest, may include, but need not be limited to the following:

A. Interest in businesses

Any financial interest or management participation of an immediate family member in the business of a supplier, competitor, or customers, whether publicly- listed or privately held, should be disclosed.

B. Employment or engagement of services

Engagement by a supplier, contractor, or customer's business as a director, adviser, officer, employee or consultant needs to be disclosed and requires approval of DHI.

Similar engagement of an immediate family member (parent, brother, sister, spouse, child) shall likewise need to be disclosed.

C. Employment in another entity or in political office

This includes disclosure on engagement in another occupation or holding concurrent position in a government, or political office or agency.

D. Political Activity

Active involvement in any political party or participating/engaging in a political campaign should be disclosed and requires permission from DHI Management.

E. Relatives/Next of Kin

Disclosure should be made when a director or employee has a relative employed in DHI. Management discretion shall be exercised to ensure that there will be no superior subordinate relationship between employed relatives or in a control function exercised over the business unit of a relative.

Next-of-kin relationship should also be disclosed when it begins to exist with another employee where one exercises superior-subordinate relationship or control relationship with the employee.

Directors and employees are responsible for identifying, assessing and managing conflicts of interest whether actual or potential that arises in their day to day work. Full disclosure of any conflict of interest should be made on an annual basis or as necessary, through the annual submission of the Conflict of Interest Disclosure Form (Annex A) to Human Resources. Any disclosed potential conflict of interest shall be forwarded by Human Resources to DHI Compliance Office for evaluation. In case of doubt about the propriety of any course of action or find that their own interests are or may be in conflict with those of the institution, they must disclose and seek advice from Human Resources.

8. Outside Employment or Directorship

Full time employees should not take up any outside employment or directorship. Written approval of the Management is required prior to acceptance of outside employment or directorship. The following scenarios are covered:

Part-time jobs:

- Teaching or tutoring
- Consultancy
- Private practice of a profession
- Other similar activities that affect the availability of employees

Approval, which must be in writing, may be given to take up part-time directorship, employment and other similar engagements only in circumstances where the interests of DHI will not be prejudiced.

Directors or officers who intend to run for government office are required to tender resignation from DHI or the Board of Directors, as the case may be, prior to formalizing or filing of candidacy. As soon as it comes to the knowledge of DHI that they ran for public office, they shall be deemed resigned from DHI or the Board of Directors, as the case may be.

9. Reporting Internal Fraud, Breach of the Code, or Other Unethical/Illegal Activities

DHI believes that the key to long-term sustainability and success largely depends on having a good name and solid reputation in the industry. Any director or employee who becomes aware of any violations of law, regulations or policies should report the same to appropriate authorities, with protection from reprisal and discrimination. Reporting of violations should be done in good faith and without malice. This is embodied in the DHI Policy on Disclosure of Sensitive/Confidential Matters to Management that governs the policies and procedures in handling of whistle blower cases.

This helps to promote and maintain a culture of strong ethics, integrity, honesty, accountability and transparency.

10. Media Contact

Only authorized individuals or parties shall be allowed to contact or talk to any representative of the media (print, broadcast, wires, and online) on DHI matters. All inquiries or contacts made by the media should be referred to Management.

Similarly, the unauthorized creation of unofficial social media account bearing the DHI brand or corporate name is not allowed.

11. Treatment of DHI 's Assets

DHI's assets (physical, financial or intellectual) may be used only for authorized purposes. Directors and employees are also responsible for safeguarding DHI's assets to prevent loss, theft, destruction or unauthorized use.

Any unauthorized use, or unnecessary access, or destruction of DHI's assets such as funds, property, confidential data, information, equipment and/or systems, for personal gain or for purposes of maligning or harming DHI, its directors, employees, shareholders and/or its customers, or for any ill motive, including attempts thereto, shall be considered as a violation of this Code and shall be dealt with accordingly.

The Company is the owner of all information assets which include any company data, information processes, computer and communications equipment, application and system software, and tools and utilities that store, process and transmit information. Any personal information or data stored by the employee in any of the Company's information resources shall be considered as Company's assets which may be inspected, reviewed, or used as legal evidence when necessary.

Integral to information security and data protection, the Company has the inherent right to inspect and review information in the possession of directors or employees in instances where there is doubt on unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, inspection, recording or destruction of the Company's information assets.

The Company shall ensure that proper custodianship of information assets shall include compliance to all applicable laws and regulations in providing access, storage and disposal of company information.

12. Personal Finance Standards

As a financial institution, public confidence in DHI's ability to manage the financial affairs of others is key. While personal finances are private, employees are expected to handle their financial affairs prudently. Specifically, the following are prohibited and are grounds for disciplinary action:

- mismanaged checking accounts, credit cards, loan and other forms of indebtedness which includes failure to pay just debts or being habitually delinquent in the payment of debts;
- borrowing money or obtaining loans/favors in any form from customers and/or suppliers; and
- borrowing/lending money from/to co-employees.

13. Gambling, Drinking Alcoholic Beverages, Use of Prohibited Drugs

Gambling, drinking alcoholic beverages, use or sale of prohibited drugs, and other similar vices, done during working hours and within DHI premises are strictly prohibited.

The Drug Free Workplace Policy of the BDO Group shall apply.

14. Compliance with Laws, Regulations and Internal Standards, Policies and Procedures

Directors and employees are expected to comply fully with appropriate laws and regulations, as well as with the internal standards or policies and procedures of DHI. They are individually responsible for complying with the spirit, not just the letter, of the laws, regulations, and internal policies and procedures.

15. Fair Treatment of Customers

DHI's business is its customers. Therefore, directors and employees are responsible in ensuring that customers are treated fairly in all dealings with them.

The minimum standards to ensure that customers are treated fairly are the following:

- Communications are fair and not misleading.
- Ensure that customers are given clear and concise information, including the risks involved, before they enter into financial products and services.
- Employees should only market and sell products and services, which have been approved for sale.
- Products and services are suitable and appropriate, taking into account the needs of the customers, their financial and risk profile and objectives.
- Complaints should be handled in a prompt, friendly, fair and effective manner.

16. Relationship with Colleagues

Directors and employees are expected to treat others with dignity and with utmost professional respect and courtesy regardless of differences, positions, ranks, ages, or other types of distinctions.

17. Respect for Community and Environment

Directors and employees should promote actively the Company's corporate social responsibility and care for the environment through the initiatives and partnerships with civil society, governments and other stakeholders.

They also have to recognize their role to be involved in community-related issues and activities as a way of giving back to the communities in which they operate.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

DHI, in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, maintains transparency of related party transactions between and among DHI and its subsidiaries, affiliated companies, directors, officers, stockholders, related interests (DOSRI), and joint ventures. These should be conducted at arm's length and in the normal commercial terms granted to either individuals or businesses of comparable risks.

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS OF THE LAW

From time to time, specific laws or regulations are implemented which require the special attention and strict observance by all concerned. All concerned, who shall be advised of such requirements, shall ensure their individual responsibilities are complied with. These

laws include the Bank Secrecy Act, Anti-Money Laundering Act, Customers Protection Act and the Data Protection Act.

SANCTIONS AND PENALTIES

Failure to comply with the requirements of the Code may lead to disciplinary measures commensurate to the violations.

The Company will use principles of fair accountability and due process in investigating and making decisions on all matters pertaining to failure to abide by the Code.

DHI reserves the right to impose corresponding sanctions and/or penalties for violation of the Code, which includes dismissal from service or from the Board of Directors, as the case may be, without prejudice to further legal, administrative or criminal charges depending on the offense.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR IMPLEMENTATION

BDO Human Resources Group shall be responsible for overseeing the implementation of this Code across the Company. It shall receive reports of violation and ensure that a confidential investigation is undertaken. As necessary, it may endorse the handling of the investigation to the Cases Review Secretariat for the necessary action and appropriate recommendation. The Audit Committee, at its discretion, may periodically report the Code of Ethics cases to the Board of Directors.

The Compliance Office will address lapses in compliance with regulatory requirements arising from the administrative cases due to the violation of this Code.

APPROVAL AND DISCLOSURE

The Board of Directors has the authority to approve the Code of Conduct and Business Ethics. The Office of the Human Resources and the Office of the Corporate Governance shall be responsible to disseminate the Code to all directors, officers and staff for their information and proper guidance. It should be posted in the Company's website and intranet to be accessible to all covered individuals and shall form part of the HR and Compliance policies of the Company.